# EMERGING CHALLENGES IN LAND USE REGULATION SYSTEM OF MURREE, PAKISTAN



by

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### **THESIS ACCEPTANCE CERTIFICATE**

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### **DEDICATION**

Dedicated to my family who had always been patiently supportive throughout my degree, especially my parents whose time and company I infrequently had to sacrifice for completion of this research. This privilege to spend time with parents, one hardly ever gets back in one's life.

Researcher

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Researcher

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLES			PAGE No
Dedication			iv
Acknowledg	v		
Table of Con	ntents		vi
Acronyms a	nd Abl	breviations	vii
List of Table	es		viii
List of Illust	rations	S	X
Abstract			xii
Chapter 1	Intro	oduction or Background	01
Chapter 2	Literature Review		05
Chapter 3	Meth	nodology	11
	3.1	Study Area	11
	3.2	Research Design	12
	3.3	Research Technique	12
	3.4	Data Collection Method	12
	3.5	Methodology	13
Chapter 4	Find	ings and Discussions	23
	4.1	Review of the Existing Land Use Plan of the City	23
	4.2	Review of Master Plans w.r.t Land Use Policies &	86
		Proposals/Projects	
	4.3	Views of RDA CDGR and TMA Murree Officials	105
		Land Use Regulation Issues of Murree	
Chapter 5	Conclusion		109
Chapter 6	Recommendations		111
References			114
Annexures			

#### ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AJ & K Azad Jummu and Kashmir

BHU Basic Heath Unit

CDGR City District Government, Rawalpindi

CMH Combined Military Hospital

DRM Disaster Risk Management

EIA Environmental Impact Assessment

GIS Geographic Information System

GoPb Government of Punjab

GPO General Post Office

KPK Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

MIT Murree Improvement Trust

MKDA Murree Kahota Development Authority

NDMA National Disaster Management Authority

NRM National Reference Manual

PAF Pakistan Air Force

PGA Peak Ground Acceleration

PPP Public Private Partnership

RDA Rawalpindi Development Authority

RHC Rural Health Center

RoW Right of Way

SLPP Sustainable Land Use Planning Policies

TMA Tehsil Municipal Administration

ToR Terms of Reference

UNDP United Nations Development Program

## LIST OF TABLES

TITLE		PAGE No
Table 4.1	Average Distance Covered by Various Level of Students Daily (Gender-Wise Data)	40
Table 4.2	Mode of Transport Used by Various Level of Students Daily (Gender-Wise Data)	42
Table 4.3	Type and Percentage of Employment of Respondents	45
Table 4.4	Distance Traveled to Place of Work	46
Table 4.5	Mode of Transport Used to Place of Work	48
Table 4.6	Distance of Parking from Place of Work & Shopping Centre	49
Table 4.7	Distance of Daily Used Amenities from Respondent's Household (HH)	53
Table 4.8	Ranking of Hospital w.r.t Sufficiency of Various Facilities	56
Table 4.9	Ranking of Play Grounds w.r.t Sufficiency/Availability of Various Facilities	58
Table 4.10	Ranking of Parks w.r.t Sufficiency/ Availability of Various Facilities	60
Table 4.11	Ranking of Resident's Priorities for Provision of Amenities	62
Table 4.12	Origin of Respondents	66
Table 4.13	Purpose of Visit	67
Table 4.14	Frequency of Visit	68
Table 4.15	Mode of Transport Used	69
Table 4.16	Distance from Parking	70

Table 4.17	Duration from Place of Stay	72
Table 4.18	Place of Stay	73
Table 4.19	Ranking of Parking w.r.t Sufficiency of Various Facilities	74
Table 4.20	Ranking of Public Transport w.r.t Sufficiency of Various Facilities	78
Table 4.21	Ranking of Hotels w.r.t Satisfaction from Various Facilities	83
Table 4.22	Ranking of Tourist's Priorities for Provision of Amenities	86
Table 4.23	Land use distribution of Murree town year 1988	87

## LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

TITLE		PAGE No.
Figure 3.1	Location Map of Murree City	11
Figure 4.1	Potential Fault Rapture Zoning Map of Murree City and its Vicinity	27
Figure 4.2	Average Distance Covered by Various Level of Students Daily (Gender-Wise Data)	41
Figure 4.3	Mode of Transport Used by Various Level of Students Daily (Males Data)	43
Figure 4.4	Mode of Transport Used by Various Level of Students Daily (Females Data)	43
Figure 4.5	Type and Percentage of Employment of Respondents	44
Figure 4.6	Distance Traveled to Place of Work	47
Figure 4.7	Mode of Transport Used to Place of Work	47
Figure 4.8	Distance of Parking from Place of Work & Shopping Center	49
Figure 4.9	Distance of Daily Used Amenities from Respondent's Household (HH)	54
Figure 4.10	Ranking of Hospital w.r.t Sufficiency of Various Facilities	57
Figure 4.11	Ranking of Play Grounds w.r.t Sufficiency/ Availability of Various Facilities	57
Figure 4.12	Ranking of Parks w.r.t Sufficiency/ Availability of Various Facilities	60
Figure 4.13	Ranking of Resident's Priorities for Provision of Amenities	61
Figure 4.14	Origin of Respondents	65

Figure 4.15	Purpose of Visit	67	
Figure 4.16	Frequency of Visits	68	
Figure 4.17	Mode of Transport Used	69	
Figure 4.18	Distance from Parking	71	
Figure 4.19	Duration of Stay	72	
Figure 4.20	Place of Stay	73	
Figure 4.21	Ranking of Parking w.r.t Sufficiency of Various Facilities	75	
Figure 4.22	Ranking of Public Transport w.r.t Sufficiency of Various Facilities	79	
Figure 4.23	Ranking of Hotels w.r.t Satisfaction from Various Facilities	82	
Figure 4.24	Ranking of Tourist's Priorities for Provision of Amenities	85	

#### **ABSTRACT**

Most of the cities of Pakistan have expanded arbitrarily. Among these cities several had some sort of development plans, to guide the city's growth. Due to one reason or another the city development did not take shape as per its plans. However, development projects as per these plans were randomly taken up by Authorities, which can be termed as partial implementation of Plans. The projects that were implemented in such manner were mostly preferred projects of Provincial Government, rather than prioritized or consented by local people or even Local Government. Consequently, these projects provided temporary relief for some specific problem of that city, but at the same time triggered numerous interrelated issues for which local authorities were not prepared. A need is being felt for plan oriented development rather than project oriented development, for which lot is desired in policy & strategy formulation, institutional strengthening and implementation. Murree City has developed without any development plan. The land use expansion of Murree has been dictated by the land ownership pattern and tendency of commercialization to tap the tourism potential of the city. As a result Murree is a city with almost no city specific statutory framework to guide its development, with land use issues, institutional capacity, proper distribution of functions, political interference and nonexistence of any roadmap for development, as its main land use regulation challenges. The aim of study is to analyze these areas and provide some suggestion that could assist in improvement of the overall land use regulation system and land use of the city.

This research has been a mix method research. It is descriptive and exploratory research both. The methodology of research was two folds. At first stage review of policies

and strategies related to Murree in particular and to land use planning in general was done. This review was mostly from secondary data sources collected from various departments, organizations and internet sources. The document that were reviewed most dominantly included Master Plans of Murree 1988-2013 and Master Plan 2013-2016, Model Building Bye Laws and Zoning Regulations 2007, GoPb., The Punjab Private Housing Schemes and Land Subdivision Rules 2010, Punjab Land Use (Classification, Reclassification and Redevelopment) Rules 2009, Punjab Local Government (Commercialization) Rules, 2004, National Reference Manual (NRM) on Planning and Infrastructure Standards – Ministry of Environment and Urban Affairs Division, Government of Pakistan and Seismic Hazard Micro-zonation of Murree (June 2013), NDMA.

Second stage of research included study of existing Land Use and land use regulation system of Murree Town. This part of research was done mostly through primary sources. The parameters used to study to existing land use of city included location of land uses, hierarchy of various land uses and allocation of area or number of any specific level of particular to land use. The review done through plan and field survey was validated through opinion of local residents & tourists to know their perception regarding location and sufficiency of various land uses. In this regard fifty structured interviews were conducted from local residents and same number of tourists were interviewed. To know about the land use regulation system of Murree town and record opinion of development agencies officials related to Murree, twenty officials from various departments and organizations were interviewed.

Without guidance of an overall plan the town kept on expanding along roads, without any strategy or control. This not only contributed to urban sprawl, it also made the

city to lose its balance related to distribution of amenities. All facilities were concentrated in the central city with hinterland deprived of the same. So the main land use challenges of Murree include parking, middle and lower level amenities, environmental degradation, uncontrolled change of use of land, land speculation, development in disaster prone areas, no preservation strategy for heritage and urban sprawl.

It is high time that some revolutionary steps should be taken to prepare and notify an overall development plan for Murree and supplement it with various action plans. Moreover, it is essential that Authorities should start looking at Murree as town and tehsil headquarter, besides its recognized role of a tourism hub. If this can be achieved through required contribution of all stakeholders, it will start reducing pressure on Murree central town and at the same time provide relief to the population living in the environs of Murree town, deprived of even basic necessities of urban life.