CONFINEMENT OF REINFORCED CONCRETE COLUMNS WITH WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT (WWR)

BY

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NUST INSTITUTE OF CIVIL ENGINEERING (NICE) SCHOOL OF CIVIL AND ENVIRONMENT ENGINEERING (SCEE) NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY (NUST) ISLAMABAD (2011)

This is to certify that the thesis entitled CONFINEMENT OF REINFORCED CONCRETE COLUMNS WITH WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT (WWR)

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Has been accepted towards the partial fulfillment of the requirements for Master of Science in Structural Engineering

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DEDICATED TO MY PARENTS AND FAMILY

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NOTATIONS

- *fc'* ____ Specified compressive strength of concrete
- *f*_{ce} ___ Effective concrete strength
- *f*_{cc} <u>Compressive strength of confined concrete in specimen</u>
- *fyl* ____ Yield strength of longitudinal steel bars
- *f_{yt}* ____ Yield strength of transverse reinforcing steel bars
- Ash ____ Cross sectional area of transverse reinforcement
- s ____ Center to center spacing of transverse reinforcement
- Acore ____ Cross sectional area of core concrete measure c/c of ties
- *A*_{gross} __ *Cross sectional area of concrete specimens*
- *As* ____ Cross sectional area of longitudinal reinforcing steel bars
- *P*_{test} _____ Load carried by concrete specimens during testing
- *P*_u ____ *Failure load predicted by confinement model*
- K_s ____ Strength gain factor
- *E*_{s1} ____ *Minimum strain corresponding to maximum stress*
- *P_n* ____ *Nominal axial load capacity of concrete column*

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ABSTRACT

Construction of high rise buildings and use of high strength concrete require confinement of concrete to cater for the strength and ductility. In seismic regions, adequate confinement of columns for greater ductility is probably the most important feature of structural design. Confidence in configuration of lateral confinement for improved performance of structural concrete will help in safer and economical design of structures.

Pakistan is a developing country and use of welded wire reinforcement (WWR) wraps is not common here. Especially in reinforced concrete columns its use is limited and this may be the first study to observe the performance of concrete columns with WWR wraps as the confinement reinforcement.

Sixteen samples of reinforced concrete columns with different configurations of lateral and longitudinal steel were prepared and subsequently tested in the laboratory under monotonic loading. The efficacy of use of "Welded Wire Reinforcement" wraps as well as conventional lateral reinforcement was studied as confinement reinforcement, and results were compared and analyzed for theoretical verification. Columns with welded wire reinforcement as well as those confined with 135 degree ties provide better confinement.